Variables and Types

Exercises

Week 2

Prior to attempting these exercises ensure you have read the lecture notes and/or viewed the video, and followed the practical. You may wish to use the Python interpreter in interactive mode to help work out the solutions to some of the questions.

Download and store this document within your own filespace, so the contents can be edited. You will be able to refer to it during the test in Week 6.

| Enter your answers directly into the highlighted boxes. |
| --- |

For more information about the module delivery, assessment and feedback please refer to the module within the MyBeckett portal.

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Which is the purpose of a *variable* within Python?

*Answer:*

| Within Python, we require storing data values for later access. Here, variables come into play and its main purpose is to store results of expressions and some other types of values. |
| --- |

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Write a simple Python statement that creates and assigns a value of 3.142 to a variable called ‘pi’

*Answer:*

| pi=3.142 #Assigns the value 3.142 to variable ‘pi’ |
| --- |

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** Which of the following is **NOT** a valid name for a variable within Python? total

result

question?

name\_1

*Answer:*

| question? |
| --- |

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age = 10 + 20

age = age + 5

*Answer:*

| 35 will be stored in the variable ‘age’ |
| --- |

In the answer box below write the *exact* output that would be displayed if the following statement was executed (assuming age has been created as in the previous question):

print("The age value is",age)

*Answer:*

| The age value is 35 |
| --- |

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total = total + 5

total \*= 100

total = max

*Answer:*

| total \*= 100 |
| --- |

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** Which of the following is an example of an **integer** type variable?

result = "xyz"

result = 20

result = 20.5

result = False

*Answer:*

| result = False |
| --- |

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** What are the only two legal values of a **boolean** type variable?

*Answer:*

| True and False are the only two legal values of a boolean type variable. |
| --- |

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Following the execution of the code below, what will be the *data-type* of the variable 'average'?

average = total / count

*Answer:*

| The data-type of the variable ‘average’ will be float. |
| --- |

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Following the execution of the code below, what will be the *data-type* of the variable 'message'?

message = "hello there!"

*Answer:*

| The data-type of the variable ‘message’ will be string. |
| --- |

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** What determines the current data-type of a variable?

*Answer:*

| The type() function determines the current data-type of variables. |
| --- |

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*Answer:*

| The purpose of the built-in type() function is to return the data type of a given variable. |
| --- |

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** What would be the output following execution of the following code?

type(10.2)

*Answer:*

| float |
| --- |

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*Answer:*

| Python language supports dynamic typing. |
| --- |

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answer = 10

print(answer)

total \*= 10

10 + 20

*Answer:*

| print (answer) |
| --- |

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** What is the name given to the values that are passed to a function within the parentheses?

*Answer:*

| Arguments are the values that are passed to a function within the parentheses. |
| --- |

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*Answer:*

| The purpose of the built-in input() function is to take inputs from the user. |
| --- |

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*Answer:*

| The data-type of the value returned by the input() function is string. |
| --- |

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Use the Python interpreter to input a small Python program that prints your name and address on the screen. Once this works, type the program in the answer box below.

*Answer:*

| *name=input("Enter your name ")*  *address=input("Enter your address ")*  *print("Your name is:", name)*  *print("Your address is:", address)* |
| --- |

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Within the answer box below write a small Python program, that when run, would print the following message including the double quotes -

Hello, is your name "Bwian"?

*Answer:*

| *print('Hello, is your name "Bwian"?')* |
| --- |

Now write a second small Python program, that when run, would print the following message including the single quotes -

Or is your name 'Woger'?

*Answer:*

| *print("Or is your name 'Woger'?")* |
| --- |

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Within the answer box below write a small Python program, that when run, uses *escape sequences* to print the following text exactly.

This is a string containing a backslash (\),

a single quote ('), a double quote (")

and is split across multiple lines

*Answer:*

| print("This is a string containing a backslash (\\), \n"  "a single quote (\'), a double quote (\") \n"  "and is split across multiple lines") |
| --- |

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

Within the answer box below write a small Python program, that when run, uses *triple quotes* to print the following text exactly.

This is a string containing a backslash (\),

a single quote ('), a double quote (")

and is split across multiple lines

*Answer:*

| print("""This is a string containing a backslash (\),  a single quote ('), a double quote (")  and is split across multiple lines """) |
| --- |

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

Use the Python interpreter to input a small Python program that asks the user to input a temperature in fahrenheit. Once the value has been input, display a message that shows the same temperature in celsius. You may have to do some research in order to find out the conversion method. Once this works, type the program in the answer box below.

*Answer:*

| *fahrenheit = int(input("Enter the temperature in fahrenheit: "))*  *celsius = (fahrenheit -32) \* 5/9*  *print("The temperature in celsius is: " ,celsius)* |
| --- |

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Within the answer box below write a small Python program that asks the user to enter two values. Store these in variables called 'a' and 'b' respectively.

*Answer:*

| *a = int(input("Enter first value "))*  *b = int(input("Enter second value "))* |
| --- |

Once the values have been input use three calls to the print() function to show output such as the following (in this example the user entered *10.2* and *18.3*) -

The value 'a' was 10.2 and the value 'b' was 18.3

The sum of 'a' and 'b' is 28.5

The product of 'a' and 'b' is 186.66

*Answer:*

| a = float(input("Enter first value "))  b = float(input("Enter second value "))  sum = a+b  product = a\*b  print(f"The value 'a' was {a} and the value 'b' was {b} ")  print(f"The sum of 'a' and 'b' is {sum} ")  print(f"The product of 'a' and 'b' is {product}") |
| --- |

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Python includes a built-in function called **max()**. When this is called with multiple argument values it returns the largest of the given arguments. e.g.

max(20, 50, 30) # this would return 50

Within the answer box below write a small program that asks the user to input three values. Store these in variables (the names are up to you) then use the **max()** function to display the largest of the input values.

*Answer:*

| *A = int(input("Enter first value "))*  *B = int(input("Enter second value "))*  *C = int(input("Enter third value "))*  *largest = max(A,B,C)*  *print ("The largest number is:" ,largest)* |
| --- |

Using the Python interpreter execute your code, then examine the output generated when the input the values are 'hello', 'welcome', and 'bye'

Does the program still show the maximum value? If not, what does it show?

*Answer:*

| The output shows the maximum value as welcome. The purpose of max() function is to return the largest item from a given list. Here, max() follows the alphabetical order to find the largest value. Since, ‘w’ comes after ‘h’ and ‘b’ in the alphabet so the maximum value returned is welcome. |
| --- |

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Given the following definition:

name = "Black Knight"

What would each of the following Python statements display?

print( name[0] )

*Answer:*

| B |
| --- |

print( name[4] )

*Answer:*

| k |
| --- |

print( name[-1] )

*Answer:*

| t |
| --- |

print( name[-2] )

*Answer:*

| h |
| --- |

print( name[2:5] )

*Answer:*

| ack |
| --- |

print( name[6:] )

*Answer:*

| Knight |
| --- |

print( name[:5] )

*Answer:*

| Black |
| --- |

print( name[:] )

*Answer:*

| Black Knight |
| --- |

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** Which of the following creates a variable containing a **List**?

names = "Terry"

names = 10

names = [ "Mark", "Jon", "Amanda", "Edward", "Sally" ] names = "Mark", "Jon", "Amanda"

*Answer:*

| names = [ "Mark", "Jon", "Amanda", "Edward", "Sally"] |
| --- |

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** Is the following a valid **List**, even though it contains values based on different data-types? values = [10.2, "Jon", False, "Edward", True ]

*Answer:*

| Yes, the given list is considered a valid List, even though it contains values based on different data-types. |
| --- |

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** If a value is **mutable**, can it be modified after it has been created?

*Answer:*

| Yes, if a value is mutable, it can be modified after it has been created. List and dictionaries in python are such mutable objects, whose value can be updated and modified in several ways even after they have been created. |
| --- |

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| Immutable is a term used to describe a value that cannot be changed once it has been created. |
| --- |

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** Is a List **mutable** or **immutable**?

*Answer:*

| A List is mutable. |
| --- |

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** Is a String **mutable** or **immutable**?

*Answer:*

| A String is immutable. |
| --- |

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names = ["Terry", "John", "Michael", "Eric", "Terry", "Graham"] What would each of the following Python statements display?

print( names[2] )

*Answer:*

| Michael |
| --- |

print( names[-2] )

*Answer:*

| Terry |
| --- |

print( names[0:3] )

*Answer:*

| Terry, John, Michael |
| --- |

names = names + "Brian"

print( names )

*Answer:*

| TypeError |
| --- |

names[0:1] = ["Mark", "Jon"]

print( names )

*Answer:*

| Mark, Jon, John, Michael, Eric, Terry, Graham |
| --- |

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What built-in function within Python can be used to find out how many elements are contained within a string or list?

*Answer:*

| Within Python, len() function can be used to find out how many elements are contained within a string or list. |
| --- |

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Save this logbook with your answers. Then ask your tutor to check your responses to each question.